



# JRC POLICY BRIEF ON TECHNOLOGY INFRASTRUCTURES

25 November 10:00 – 12:30

## CONCORDi 2021

Industrial Innovation for competitive sustainability



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Joint  
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# Background

- TIs are **mostly managed and hosted by Research Performing Organisations** – i.e. mainly RTOs and Technical Universities
- TI managers have the key role to create, operate, maintain, upgrade, and decommission TIs, **requiring very high and sustainable investments that industry cannot afford.**
- TIs are open to **public and private users including large companies and SMEs** to integrate innovative technologies into new products, processes and services.

# Background

- TIs are **enablers for technology transfer** from basic research to the market, especially to SMEs, **and for regional development**, i.e. Smart Specialisation Strategies
- TIs are essential to **boost industry competitiveness** and to deliver on the **Green and Digital Transitions**, need of a high-level dynamism and new quality of infrastructures.
- There is a **thin boundary between RIs and TIs**, where sometimes the same facility can play both roles depending on e.g. the TRL level of projects carried out, and an RI could also evolve into a TI as the knowledge and technology matures.

# Policy Context

## *Staff Working Document on TIs* (2019)

- **Visibility:** enable users to find the services and facilities they need (consolidating existing mappings)
- **Prioritisation:** streamline and coordinate targeted actions between EU, national and regional levels
- **Accessibility:** enable quick and easy access to TIs (access conditions, IPR, cost, etc.)
- **Networks:** connect TIs together to share competences and best practices

# Policy Context

- *EC Communication on a new ERA for Research and Innovation* (Sept. 2020)  
**Governance Structure:** mapping, gap analysis, prioritisation, recommendation of common access conditions
- *Council Conclusions on the New European Research Area* (Dec. 2020)  
**EU Strategy for Technology Infrastructures**
- *EC Proposal for a Council Recommendation on a Pact for Research and Innovation in Europe* (Ju. 2021)  
**Policy Agenda for the new ERA**
- *Council Recommendations for an ERA Policy Agenda* (tomorrow - 26 Nov. 2021)

# Methodology and Focus

- **JRC – EARTO Workshop on Technology Infrastructures**
  - *30 September 2021 (49 experts)*
- **JRC – EARTO Questionnaire on Technology Infrastructures**
  - Target: TIs managers and operators from RTOs, Technical Universities and other relevant PROs.
  - *23 September to 13 October 2021*
- **EARTO Policy Event & Innovation Awards 2021**
  - Towards the new EU Strategy on Technology Infrastructures as key ERA Action to deliver the green & digital transition
  - *27 October 2021*



# The role of TIs in the RD&I Ecosystem (1/1)

- TIs are essential to the **well-functioning of efficient European RD&I ecosystems**.
  - **A better integration of TIs in policy initiatives** at European, National and regional levels could further leverage their potential.
- TIs are not just physical or digital infrastructures, they also **require interdisciplinary competences and complex technological know-how and experts** to operate them.
  - An alignment with the **European Skills Agenda** would enable to avoid gaps.
- The TI landscape is very **diverse**. Streamlining and analysing **the existing European mappings of TIs** would enable to:
  - better understand their specificities, refine and create further typologies of TIs, and
  - better **tailor-made and evidence-based policies and investments**.

# The role of TIs in the RD&I Ecosystem (1/2)

- **RIs and TIs have each their own specificities.**
  - The EU Strategy for TIs should **draw inspiration from ESFRI processes** when relevant, and design **dedicated ones** when needed - e.g. different stakeholders involved, bottom-up and value-chain approach for roadmapping of needs.
- **RIs and TIs need to be taken as part of an ecosystem** and not per opposition or disconnected.
  - There is a whole continuum between RIs and TIs, and their (complementary) services need to be combined.
  - **Links between ESFRI and the future EU Strategy for TIs** need to be built from the onset.

# Ensuring TIs Long-term sustainability (2/1)

- **TIs' managers foresight capabilities** - i.e. understanding both where the research forefront is going and identifying the future needs of industry - should be further leveraged in dedicated policy.
- **TIs' future users (public & private) need to be involved** throughout the creation process to **ensure their long-term use**. These actors should be part of the governance structure of the new EU Strategy on TIs to ensure its success.
- A sound **business model** ensuring the **long-term sustainability of the TI** is essential from the onset of the TI's creation process.
  - TIs need to be developed and upgraded at the same pace than the technologies and the products that are developed and tested: fast.
  - **More certainty around public funding cycles would leverage TIs' capabilities.**

## Ensuring TIs Long-term sustainability (2/2)

- Need for a **clear pathway of grant-based public support for capital investments (CAPEX)** for TIs, adapted to the speed needed for technology development.
- Creating synergies for a **more structural support to TIs** at European, national and regional levels would be of high added value in the currently scattered funding landscape.
- **Lack of public investment plans** focusing on the **upgrade of existing TIs**.
  - These should be designed in **complementarity** with public investments targeting the **creation of new TIs**.
  - **Importance of a balanced approach** (creating VS upgrading): not keeping existing TIs at the forefront of innovation may result in a **suboptimal use of public resources**.

## Ensuring TIs Long-term sustainability (2/3)

- **The use of TIs can generate high operational costs (OPEX)**, difficult to cover especially for SMEs and Academia users.
  - **Publicly funded programmes enabling access to TIs** and covering real operational costs are an efficient way to **foster TIs accessibility** from a wide range of users.
  - **Voucher systems** could be improved and further used to support SMEs' access to TIs.
- TIs also generate **maintenance costs**, which is sometimes coupled with operational costs but not always (in such case it needs to be covered by TI managers' own funding)

# Towards an EU Strategy for TIs (3/1)

- **Taking stock of the public policy initiatives and instruments**, that currently exist to support TIs at regional, national and European levels via a **systematic observatory** would provide opportunities for benchmarking and streamlining investments.
- **Streamlining the existing repositories and mappings** of TIs at EU level covering both TIs' locations and the services and facilities on offer:
  - would enable a **better understanding of the TIs' landscape** by policy-makers
  - could be used to **foster accessibility to TIs** (if coupled with an efficient marketing campaign)
  - and **create connections** between complementary TIs.

# Towards an EU Strategy for TIs (3/2)

- **Roadmapping of future needs** for CAPEX investments in TIs should be organised:
  - with a **sectorial value-chain and bottom-up approach** and the involvement of TIs stakeholders,
  - **by identifying the future needs for TIs in existing roadmaps** linked to current EU instruments and actions - e.g. European Partnerships, ERA Industrial Roadmaps, Industrial Alliances, etc.

## Towards an EU Strategy for TIs (3/3)

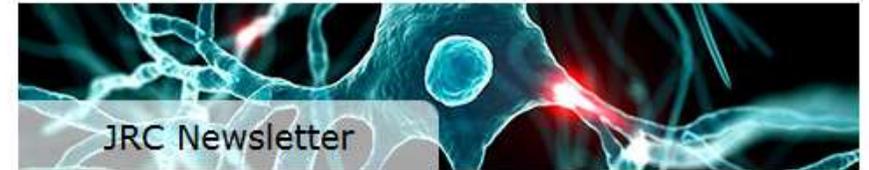
- A mechanism to draw from sectorial roadmaps and **prioritise and/or coordinate investments in TIs at European level** in strategic sectors would be valuable to maximise the use of public funds.
- An agile Advisory Board for TI Strategy should include **experts responsible for TIs within national ministries**, as well as **TIs managers** (foresight) and **users** (long-term use).
- The prioritisation mechanism and synchronisation of national/regional TIs' roadmaps needs to **take into account the different types of TIs**:
  - for TIs of European scale & market niche: **duplication should be avoided** to achieve economies of scale and a broader user-base,
  - for TIs of regional focus: **replication at regional level is key** to ensure accessibility and gaps should be avoided to bridge the innovation divide.

## Towards an EU Strategy for TIs (3/4)

- A **standardised framework to harmonise the conditions for access to TIs** could be put in place on a voluntary basis (incl. IPR, Data management, etc.).
- The creation of an **EU quality label for TIs** could also be explored to enhance their visibility.
- Creating **thematic networks of TIs with a value-chain approach at EU level** would enable to:
  - better integrate and structure the European landscape for TIs
  - support **pan-European access** to TIs.
  - foster **knowledge transfer and capacity building** across regions,
  - spread excellence and expertise in order to overcome the European innovation divide.

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# Thanks

## Any questions?

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